

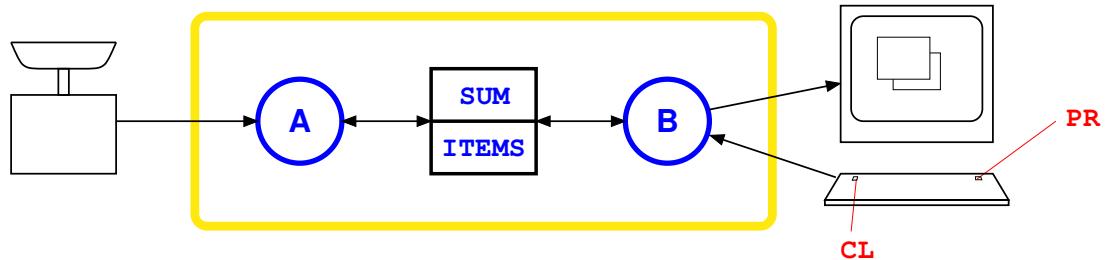
# Course 02158

## Critical Regions

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DTU Compute

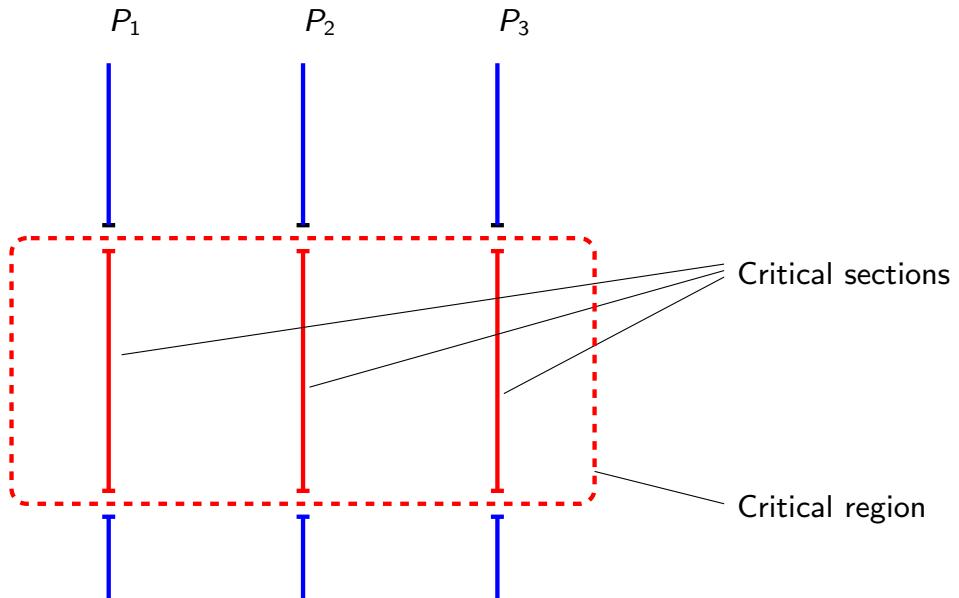
### The Sharing Problem



```
process A =  
loop  
    read w  
    SUM := SUM + w  
    ITEMS := ITEMS + 1  
end loop
```

```
process B =  
loop  
    read key  
    case key  
        PR : if ITEMS ≠ 0 then  
            print SUM/ITEMS  
        CL : SUM := 0  
            ITEMS := 0  
    end case  
end loop
```

## Critical Regions and Critical Sections



## Critical Region Properties

### Assumptions

- Critical sections are established with *entry* and *exit protocols*
- A process *eventually leaves* the critical section

### Safety property

- **Mutual Exclusion** At most one process in a region at a time

### Liveness properties

- **Obligingness** A lonely process will succeed  
[Absence of unnecessary delay]
- **Resolution** One out of several processes will succeed  
[Absence of deadlock and livelock]
- **Fairness** Any process will succeed  
[Eventual entry]

## Critical Region with Shared Variables

### Coarse-grained solution

- **var** *in1, in2 : bool := false;*  
**process**  $P_1$   
    **loop**  
         $\langle \neg in2 \rightarrow in1 := true \rangle$ ;  
        critical section<sub>1</sub>;  
        *in1 := false;*  
        noncritical section<sub>1</sub>  
    **end loop**
- process**  $P_2$   
    **loop**  
         $\langle \neg in1 \rightarrow in2 := true \rangle$ ;  
        critical section<sub>2</sub>;  
        *in2 := false;*  
        noncritical section<sub>2</sub>  
    **end loop**

## Critical Region with Shared Variables

### Fine-grained attempt I

- **var** *in1, in2 : bool := false;*  
**process**  $P_1$   
    **loop**  
        **while** *in2* **do skip;**  
        *in1 := true;*  
        critical section<sub>1</sub>;  
        *in1 := false;*  
        noncritical section<sub>1</sub>  
    **end loop**
- process**  $P_2$   
    **loop**  
        **while** *in1* **do skip;**  
        *in2 := true;*  
        critical section<sub>2</sub>;  
        *in2 := false;*  
        noncritical section<sub>2</sub>  
    **end loop**

## Critical Region with Shared Variables

### Fine-grained attempt II

```
• var in1, in2 : bool := false;  
process P1  
loop  
    in1 := true;  
    while in2 do skip;  
    critical section1;  
    in1 := false;  
    noncritical section1  
end loop  
  
process P2  
loop  
    in2 := true;  
    while in1 do skip;  
    critical section2;  
    in2 := false;  
    noncritical section2  
end loop
```

## Critical Region with Shared Variables

### Fine-grained attempt III (Back-off)

```
• var in1, in2 : bool := false;  
process P1  
loop  
    in1 := true;  
    while in2 do { in1 := false;  
                  delay;  
                  in1 := true}  
    critical section1;  
    in1 := false;  
    noncritical section1  
end loop  
  
process P2  
loop  
    in2 := true;  
    while in1 do { in2 := false;  
                  delay;  
                  in2 := true}  
    critical section2;  
    in2 := false;  
    noncritical section2  
end loop
```

## Critical Region with Shared Variables

### Dekker's Algorithm

```
• var in1, in2 : bool := false;  
  turn : int := 1;  
process P1  
  loop  
    in1 := true;  
    while in2 do  
      if turn = 2 then  
        { in1 := false;  
          while turn = 2 do skip  
          in1 := true};  
        critical section1;  
        in1 := false;  
        turn := 2;  
        noncritical section1  
    end loop  
process P2  
  loop  
    in2 := true;  
    while in1 do  
      if turn = 1 then  
        { in2 := false;  
          while turn = 1 do skip  
          in2 := true};  
        critical section2;  
        in2 := false;  
        turn := 1;  
        noncritical section2  
    end loop
```

## Critical Region with Shared Variables

### Peterson's Algorithm

```
• var in1, in2 : bool := false;  
  turn : int := 1;  
process P1  
  loop  
    in1 := true;  
    turn := 2;  
    while in2  $\wedge$  turn = 2 do skip;  
    critical section1;  
    in1 := false;  
    noncritical section1  
  end loop  
process P2  
  loop  
    in2 := true;  
    turn := 1;  
    while in1  $\wedge$  turn = 1 do skip;  
    critical section2;  
    in2 := false;  
    noncritical section2  
  end loop
```

## Concurrency in real life: The Bascule Bridge of CP Frederik



- Since 2018 remotely controlled from Copenhagen
- Serious safety incident in Aug 2022
  - +

## Bascule Bridge Fault

### Remote control

```
• var leaf_up, boom_up : bool;  
• process RaiseLeaf  
  if  $\neg$ boom_up then  
    start bridge alarm;  
    sleep(10 s);  
    leaf_up := true;  
    start raising bridge leaf;  
    :  
process RaiseBoom  
  start barrier alarm;  
  sleep(2 s);  
  if  $\neg$ leaf_up then  
    boom_up := true;  
    start raising boom;  
    :  
  :
```

- The leaves were down ( $\neg$ leaf\_up)
- The boom barrier had been lowered ( $\neg$ boom\_up)
- Both raise processes were (by manual mistake?) started concurrently

## Critical Region with Shared Variables

### Test-and-Set Solution

- Let  $TS(\text{var } l) = \langle \text{var } r : \text{bool}; (r, l) := (l, \text{true}); \text{return } r \rangle$
- var**  $lock : \text{bool} := \text{false};$   
**process**  $P_1$   
    **loop**  
        **while**  $TS(lock)$  **do skip;**  
        critical section<sub>1</sub>;  
         $lock := \text{false};$   
        noncritical section<sub>1</sub>  
    **end loop**
- process**  $P_2$   
    **loop**  
        **while**  $TS(lock)$  **do skip;**  
        critical section<sub>2</sub>;  
         $lock := \text{false};$   
        noncritical section<sub>2</sub>  
    **end loop**

## Critical Region with Shared Variables

### Test-and-Set Solution

- Let  $TS(\text{var } l) = \langle \text{var } r : \text{bool}; (r, l) := (l, \text{true}); \text{return } r \rangle$
- var**  $lock : \text{bool} := \text{false};$   
**process**  $P[i : 1..n]$   
    **loop**  
        **while**  $TS(lock)$  **do skip;**  
        critical section<sub>i</sub>;  
         $lock := \text{false};$   
        noncritical section<sub>i</sub>;  
    **end loop**

## Critical Region with Shared Variables

### Test-and-Test-and-Set Solution

- Let  $TS(\text{var } l) = \langle \text{var } r : \text{bool}; (r, l) := (l, \text{true}); \text{return } r \rangle$
- **var** lock : bool := false;  
**process**  $P[i : 1..n]$   
    **loop**  
        **while** lock **do skip**;  
        **while**  $TS(\text{lock})$  **do**  
            **while** lock **do skip**;  
            critical section;  
            lock := false;  
            noncritical section;  
    **end loop**

## Critical Region with Shared Variables

### Ticket Algorithm

- **var** number, next : integer := 1;  
    turn $[i : 1..n]$  : integer := 0;  
**process**  $P[i : 1..n]$   
    **loop**  
        ⟨ turn $_i$  := number; number := number + 1 ⟩;  
        ⟨ **await** turn $_i$  = next ⟩;  
        critical section;  
        ⟨ next := next + 1 ⟩;  
        noncritical section;  
    **end loop**

### Invariant

- $next > 0 \wedge$   
     $\forall i: turn_i < number \wedge$   
     $(in crit_i \Rightarrow turn_i = next) \wedge$   
     $(turn_i > 0 \Rightarrow \forall j \neq i: turn_i \neq turn_j)$

## Critical Region with Shared Variables

### Bakery Algorithm (coarse-grained)

- **var**  $turn[i : 1..n] : integer := 0;$   
**process**  $P[i : 1..n]$   
    **loop**  
         $\langle turn_i := \max(turn[i : 1..n]) + 1 \rangle;$   
        **for**  $[j : 1..n, j \neq i]$   
             $\langle \text{await } turn_j = 0 \vee turn_i < turn_j \rangle;$   
            critical section<sub>i</sub>;  
             $turn_i := 0;$   
            noncritical section<sub>i</sub>;  
    **end loop**

### Invariants

- $\forall i: (turn_i > 0 \Rightarrow \forall j \neq i: turn_i \neq turn_j)$
- $\forall i: \text{in crit}_i \Rightarrow \left( \begin{array}{l} turn_i > 0 \wedge \\ (\forall j \neq i: turn_j = 0 \vee turn_j > turn_i) \end{array} \right)$