## **Exercises for SensMixed (Part 1)**

- Overviewthe tutorial for the SensMixed BUT not Section 10 (tutorialSensMixed.pdf)
- 2. Downoadthe SensMixed package and launch the application:
  - a. open **R**
  - b. Copy paste the following to the R console:

```
install.packages("devtools")
require(devtools)
install_github("SensMixed", username = "alku86", ref = "sensory")
require("SensMixed")
SensMixedUI()
```

3. Make sure the application launches in your default web browser

In the following Use your own data OR use the version of the **TVbo** data set (contained in the **SensMixed**).

- 4. Look at the data set and describe it shortly, e.g. how many attributes, how many products, assessors and how many repetitions?
- 5. Try to replicate example in Section 9from the tutorial (if using your own data– then choose the same modelling / analysis controls)
- 6. Perform similar analysis but considering maximal possible model (including replicate and multi-way product structure if possible)
  - What modelling controls / analysis controls have you chosen?
     Why?
  - Look at the multi-attribute plot/table output. What can be observed which was not seen when considering only one product effect?
  - Choose one of the attributes and look at the results of the analysis for this attribute in the *Step output* and *Post-hoc* output.
  - Make a small report (in e.g. a .doc file), where you put the results from the application (by using the **Download** button)

## **Exercises for ConsumerCheck**

- 1. Download and install the latest version of **ConsumerCheck**software from <a href="http://consumercheck.co/">http://consumercheck.co/</a>
- Overview Sections 3.6 and 6.7 of ConsumerCheck paper (JSS\_CCpaper\_FIX.pdf)

In the following Use your own data OR use the version of the **ham** data set (contained in the **ConsumerCheck**).

- 3. Make a short description of the data
- 4. Make some exploratory analysis of the data by using the Basic stat liking tab
- 5. Try different structures for the conjoint
  - a. Are the liking scores different for different genders? Are the liking scores different for different products? Are there any significant interactions?
  - b. Look at the pairwise comparisons tests. Which products are significantly different between each other?